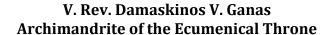
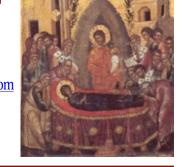


# ΚΙΜΙSIS ΤΗΕΟΤΟΚΟU ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΟΡΘΔΟΞΟΣ ΕΚΚΛΗΣΙΑ ΤΗΣ ΚΟΙΜΗΣΕΩΣ ΤΗΣ ΘΕΟΤΟΚΟΥ

224 18<sup>th</sup> Street, Brooklyn, NY 11215 Office: (718) 788-0152 Fax: (718) 788-2774

Website: www.kimisisbrooklyn.org E-Mail: KimisisTheotokou@gmail.com





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## Κυριακή τῆς Πεντηκοστῆς

Όταν συμπληρωνόταν ή πεντηκοστή ήμέρα μετὰ τὴν ἀνάσταση, τῆς ὁποίας ἔφθασε τώρα ἡ μνήμη, ένῶ ὅλοι οὶ μαθητὲς ἦσαν συγκεντρωμένοι μαζὶ καὶ εὑρίσκονταν ὁμόψυχοι στὸ ὑπερῶο (οἶκος) ἐκείνου τοῦ ἱεροῦ, ἀλλὰ καὶ στὸ προσωπικό του ὑπερῶο, στὸ νοῦ του, συναγμένος ὁ καθένας τους (διότι ἦσαν σὲ ἡσυχία καὶ ἀφιερωμένοι στὴ δέηση καὶ στοὺς ὕμνους πρὸς τὸ Θεό), ξαφνικά, λέγει ὁ εὐαγγελιστὴς Λουκᾶς, «ἀκούσθηκε ἦχος ἀπὸ τὸν ούρανό, σὰν ἀπὸ ὁρμὴ βιαίου ἀνέμου καὶ γέμισε τὸν οἶκο ὅπου κάθονταν» (Πράξ. β΄, 1 – 11). Γέμισε δὲ ὸ οἶκος ἐκεῖνος στὸν ὸποῖο κάθονταν, καθιστώντας τον, κολυμβήθρα πνευματικὴ καὶ ἐκπληρώνοντας τὴν ἐπαγγελία τοῦ Σωτῆρα, ποὺ τοὺς ἔλεγε, πρὶν ἀναληφθεῖ: «Ὁ μὲν Ἰωάννης βάπτισε μὲ νερό, ἐσεῖς δὲ, θὰ βαπτιστεῖτε μὲ Ἅγιο Πνεῦμα, ὅχι ἔπειτα ἀπὸ πολλὲς μέρες». Ἁλλὰ καὶ τὸ ὅνομα ποὺ ἔδωσε σ΄

αύτοὺς τὸ ἔδειξε νὰ άληθεύει. Διότι διὰ τοῦ ήχου αύτοῦ ἀπὸ τοὺς ούρανοὺς οὶ Ἀπόστολοι ἔγιναν πραγματικὰ υὶοὶ βροντῆς. «Καὶ φάνηκαν σ' αύτοὺς γλῶσσες διαμεριζόμενες ὡσὰν πυρὸς καὶ στὸν καθένα τους κάθισε άπὸ μία καὶ γέμισαν ὅλοι ἄγιο Πνεῦμα καὶ μιλοῦσαν ἄλλες γλῶσσες, *ὅπως τοὺς ἔδιδε τὸ Πνεῦμα νὰ μιλοῦν». ἀλλὰ γ*ιὰ ποιὸ λόγο φάνηκε τὸ Πνεῦμα σὲ σχῆμα γλωσσῶν; Ἀφ΄ ὲνὸς γιὰ νὰ έπιδείξει τὴ συμφυΐα του, τὴ σχέση του μὲ τὸ Λόγο τοῦ Θεοῦ, γιατί τίποτε δὲν εἶναι συγγενέστερο ἀπὸ τὴ γλώσσα πρὸς τὸ λόγο. Συγχρόνως δὲ καὶ γιὰ τὴ χάρη τῆς διδασκαλίας, γιατί ὁ κατὰ Χριστὸν διδάσκαλος χρειάζεται χαριτωμένη γλώσσα. Γιατί δὲ, φανερώθηκε τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα μὲ πύρινες γλῶσσες; "Όχι μόνο γιὰ τὸ ὁμοούσιο τοῦ Πνεύματος πρὸς τὸ Πατέρα καὶ τὸν Υὶὸ (γιατί πῦρ εἶναι ὁ Θεός μας), άλλὰ καὶ γιὰ τὴ διπλὴ ἐνέργεια τοῦ κηρύγματος τῶν Ἀποστόλων. Ὅπως τὸ πῦρ ἔχει διπλὴ ίδιότητα καὶ νὰ φωτίζει καὶ νὰ φλογίζει, ἔτσι καὶ ὁ λόγος τῆς διδασκαλίας, αὐτοὺς ποὺ ὑπακούουν φωτίζει καὶ αύτοὺς ποὺ άπειθοῦν παραδίδει τελικὰ σὲ πῦρ καὶ κόλαση. Γιὰ ποιὸ λόγο δὲ οὶ γλῶσσες φάνηκαν νὰ διαμερίζονται σ' αύτούς; Γιατί μόνο στὸ Χριστὸ ποὺ ἦλθε καὶ αὐτὸς ἀπὸ πάνω δὲν δίδεται μὲ μέτρο τὸ Πνεῦμα ἀπὸ τὸ Πατέρα. Ἐκεῖνος καὶ κατὰ σάρκα ἀκόμη εἶχε ὸλόκληρη τὴ θεία δύναμη καὶ τὴν ένέργεια, ένῶ σὲ κανέναν ἄλλο δὲν ἔγινε χωρητὴ ὅλη ἡ χάρη τοῦ Πνεύματος, άλλὰ ἀτομικὰ ὁ καθένας ἀποκτᾶ ἄλλος τὸ ἔνα καὶ ἄλλος τὸ ἄλλο ἀπὸ τὰ χαρίσματα, γιὰ νὰ μὴ νομίσει κανεὶς ὅτι ἡ ἀπὸ τὸ Πνεῦμα διδόμενη στοὺς ὰγίους χάρη εἶναι φύση. Τὸ δὲ «κάθισε» δὲν ὑποδηλώνει μόνο τὸ δεσποτικὸ ἀξίωμα, ἀλλὰ καὶ τὸ ἐνιαῖο τοῦ θείου Πνεύματος. Κάθισε πάνω στὸν καθένα τους καὶ πληρώθηκαν ὅλοι άγιο Πνεῦμα, γιατί καὶ ὅταν μερίζεται κατὰ τὶς διάφορες δυνάμεις καὶ ἐνέργειές του, διὰ τῆς καθεμιᾶς ένέργειας παρευρίσκεται καὶ ἐνεργεῖ ολόκληρο τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα, ἀμερίστως μεριζόμενο καὶ ολοκληρωτικὰ μετεχόμενο, κατὰ τὴν είκόνα τῆς ἡλιακῆς ἀκτίνας. Λαλοῦσαν δὲ ἄλλες γλῶσσες, δηλαδή διαλέκτους, διότι ἔγιναν ὄργανα τοῦ θείου Πνεύματος, ένεργοῦντα καὶ κινούμενα κατὰ τὴ θέληση καὶ δύναμη έκείνου. Ὁ ἴδιος δὲ ὁ Κύριος ἔλεγε: «ὅποιος πιστεύει σὲ μένα, θὰ ρεύσουν ποτάμια ζωντανοῦ ὕδατος άπὸ τὴν κοιλιά του» τὸ ὁποῖο έρμηνεύοντας ὁ εύαγγελιστής: «τοῦτο τὸ ἔλεγε περὶ τοῦ Πνεύματος ποὺ έπρόκειτο νὰ λαμβάνουν οὶ πιστεύοντες σὲ Αύτόν» (Ίω. ιζ', 39). Ἔλεγε έπίσης στοὺς μαθητές του: «έὰν μὲ άγαπᾶτε, θὰ τηρήσετε τὶς έντολές μου, καὶ έγὼ θὰ ζητήσω άπὸ τὸν Πατέρα νὰ σᾶς στείλει ἄλλο Παράκλητο, γιὰ νὰ μείνει μαζί σας αίωνίως, τὸ Πνεῦμα τῆς άληθείας» καὶ «ὁ δὲ Παράκλητος, τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα, ποὺ θὰ στείλει ὸ Πατέρας στὸ ὄνομά μου, έκεῖνος θὰ σᾶς διδάξει τὰ πάντα» καὶ «θὰ σᾶς ὁδηγήσει σὲ ὅλη τὴν άλήθεια» (Ἰω. ιδ', 15 – ιδ', 26 – ιε', 26 – ιζ', 39). Τώρα λοιπὸν έκπληρώθηκε ἡ έπαγγελία καὶ κατῆλθε τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα, σταλμένο καὶ δοσμένο άπὸ τὸ Πατέρα καὶ τὸν Υὶὸ καὶ άφοῦ περιέλαμψε τοὺς ὰγίους μαθητὲς καὶ τοὺς ἄγαψε θείως ώς πραγματικές λαμπάδες καὶ τοὺς άνέδειξε σὲ φωστῆρες ὑπερκοσμίους καὶ παγκοσμίους. "Όπως δέ, ἂν κανεὶς άνάψει άπὸ τὴ φωσφόρο λαμπάδα άλλη καὶ ἀπὸ ἐκείνη ἄλλη καὶ οὕτω καθεξῆς, κρατώντας το μὲ τὴ διαδοχή, ἔχει πάντοτε τὸ φῶς μόνιμα, ἔτσι διὰ τῆς χειροτονίας τῶν Άποστόλων έπὶ τοὺς διαδόχους τῶν διαδίδεται ἡ χάρη τοῦ θείου Πνεύματος διὰ ὅλων τῶν γενεῶν καὶ φωτίζει ὅλους τους ὑπακούοντας στοὺς ποιμένες καὶ διδασκάλους. Τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα ποὺ δὲν ἀποστέλλεται μόνο, άλλὰ καὶ ἀποστέλλει τὸν ἀπὸ τὸν Πατέρα Υὶὸ πάνω στὴ γῆ καὶ μᾶς δίδαξε τὰ θαυμαστὰ καὶ μεγάλα. Διότι τὸ ἄγιο Πνεῦμα ἦταν πάντοτε καὶ συνυπῆρχε μὲ τὸν Υὶὸ στὸν Πατέρα, συνδημιουργῶντας στὸν καιρό τους τὰ δημιουργηθέντα καὶ συνανακαινίζοντας τὰ φθαρέντα καὶ συγκρατώντας τὰ διαμένοντα, πανταχοῦ παρὸν καὶ τὰ πάντα πληροῦν καὶ διέπων καὶ έφορῶν. "Όχι μόνο παντοῦ, άλλὰ καὶ πάνω άπὸ τὸ πᾶν, οὕτε σὲ ὅλο τὸν αίώνα καὶ τὸ χρόνο μόνο, άλλὰ καὶ πρὶν άπὸ κάθε αίὼνα καὶ χρόνο.

#### **Holy Pentecost**

After the Saviour's Ascension into the Heavens, the eleven Apostles and the rest of His disciples, the God-loving women who followed after Him from the beginning, His Mother, the most holy Virgin Mary, and His brethren-all together about 120 souls returned from the Mount of Olives to Jerusalem. Entering into the house where they gathered, they went into the upper room, and there they persevered in prayer and supplication, awaiting the coming of the Holy Spirit, as their Divine Teacher had promised them. In the meanwhile, they chose Matthias, who was elected to take the place of Judas among the Apostles. Thus, on this day, the seventh Sunday of Pascha, the tenth day after the Ascension and the fiftieth day after Pascha, at the third hour of the day from the rising of the sun, there suddenly came a sound from Heaven, as when a mighty wind blows, and it filled the whole house where the Apostles and the rest with them were gathered. Immediately after the sound, there appeared tongues of fire that divided and rested upon the head of each one. Filled with the Spirit, all those present began speaking not in their native tongue, but in other tongues and dialects, as the Holy Spirit instructed them. The multitudes that had come together from various places for the feast, most of whom were Jews by race and religion, were called Parthians, Medes, Elamites, and so forth, according to the places where they dwelt. Though they spoke many different tongues, they were present in Jerusalem by divine dispensation. When they heard that sound that came down from Heaven to the place where the disciples of Christ were gathered, all ran together to learn what had taken place. But they were confounded when they came and heard the Apostles speaking in their own tongues. Marvelling at this, they said one to another, "Behold, are not all these which speak Galileans? And how hear we every man in our own tongue, wherein we were born?" But others, because of their foolishness and excess of evil, mocked the wonder and said that the Apostles were drunken. Then Peter stood up with the eleven, and raising his voice, spoke to all the people, proving that that which had taken place was not drunkenness, but the fulfilment of God's promise that had been spoken by the Prophet Joel: "And it shall come to pass in the last days, that I shall pour out of My Spirit upon all flesh, and your sons and daughters shall prophesy" (Joel 2:28), and he preached Jesus of Nazareth unto them, proving in many ways that He is Christ the Lord, Whom the Jews crucified but God raised from the dead. On hearing Peter's teaching, many were smitten with compunction and received the word. Thus, they were baptized, and on that day about three thousand souls were added to the Faith of Christ. Such, therefore, are the reasons for today's feast; the coming of the All-holy Spirit into the world, the completion of the Lord Jesus Christ's promise, and the fulfilment of the hope of the sacred disciples, which we celebrate today. This is the final feast of the great mystery and dispensation of God's incarnation. On this last, and great, and saving day of Pentecost, the Apostles of the Saviour, who were unlearned fishermen, made wise now of a sudden by the Holy Spirit, clearly and with divine authority spoke the heavenly doctrines. They became heralds of the truth and teachers of the whole world. On this day they were ordained and began their apostleship, of which the salvation of those three thousand souls in one day was the comely and marvellous first fruit. That which came to pass at Pentecost, then, was the ordination of the Apostles, the commencement of the apostolic preaching to the nations, and the inauguration of the priesthood of the new Israel. Saint Cyril of Alexandria says that "Our Lord Jesus Christ herein ordained the instructors and teachers of the world and the stewards of His divine Mysteries ... showing together with the dignity of Apostleship, the incomparable glory of the authority given them ... Revealing them to be splendid with the great dignity of the Apostleship and showing them forth as both stewards and priests of the divine altars ... they became fit to initiate others through the enlightening guidance of the Holy Spirit" (PG 74, 708-712). Saint Gregory Palamas says, "Now, therefore ... the Holy Spirit descended ... showing the Disciples to be supernal luminaries ... and the distributed grace of the Divine Spirit came through the ordination of the Apostles upon their successors" (Homily 24, 10). And Saint Sophronius, Bishop of Jerusalem, writes, "After the visitation of the Comforter, the Apostles became high priests" (PG 87, 3981B). Therefore, together with the baptism of the Holy Spirit which came upon them who were present in the upper chamber, which the Lord had foretold as recorded in the Acts, "ye shall be baptized with the Holy Spirit not many days hence" (Acts 1:5), the Apostles were also appointed and raised to the high priestly rank, according to Saint John Chrysostom (PG 60, 21). On this day commenced the celebration of the Holy Eucharist by which we become "partakers of the Divine Nature" (II Peter 1:4). For before Pentecost, it is said of the Apostles and disciples only that they abode in "prayer and supplication" (Acts 1:14); it is only after the coming of the Holy Spirit that they persevered in the "breaking of bread," that is, the communion of the Holy Mysteries-"and in prayer" (Acts 2:42). The feast of holy Pentecost, therefore, determined the beginning of the priesthood of grace, not the beginning of the Church. Henceforth, the Apostles proclaimed the good tidings "in country and town," preaching and baptizing and appointing shepherds, imparting the priesthood to them whom they judged were worthy to minister, as Saint Clement writes in his first Epistle to the Corinthians (I Cor. 42).

### Άπολυτίκιον τῆς Ἑορτῆς. Ἡχος πλ. δ'.

Εύλογητὸς εἶ, Χριστὲ ὁ Θεὸς ἡμῶν, ὁ πανσόφους τοὺς ὰλιεῖς άναδείξας, καταπέμψας αὐτοῖς τὸ Πνεῦμα τὸ ἄγιον, καὶ δι' αὐτῶν τὴν οίκουμένην σαγηνεύσας, φιλάνθρωπε, δόξα σοι.

### Κοντάκιον τῆς Ἑορτῆς. Ἡχος πλ. δ'.

Ότε καταβὰς τὰς γλώσσας συνέχεε, διεμέριζεν ἔθνη ὁ Ύψιστος· ὅτε τοῦ πυρὸς τὰς γλώσσας διένειμεν, είς ἐνότητα πάντας έκάλεσε, καὶ συμφώνως δοξάζομεν τὸ πανάγιον Πνεῦμα.

### Apolytikion of the Feast. Mode pl. 4.

Blessed are You, O Christ our God. You made the fishermen all-wise, by sending down upon them the Holy Spirit, and through them You drew the world into Your net. O Lover of mankind, glory to You.

### Kontakion of the Feast. Mode pl. 4.

When the Most High God came down and confused the tongues, He divided the nations. When He distributed the tongues of fire, He called all to unity. And with one voice we glorify the all-holy Spirit.

## ΜΝΥΜΟΣΥΝΑ

## **MEMORIALS**

Κυριάκος Βενέκας 6 μήνες

Kyriakos Venekas 6 Months

## ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΙΚΟ ΑΝΑΓΝΩΣΜΑ TODAY'S EPISTLE READING

### Προκείμενον. Ήχος πλ. δ'. ΨΑΛΜΟΙ 18.4,1

Είς πᾶσαν τὴν γῆν έξῆλθεν ὁ φθόγγος αὐτῶν. Στίχ. Οὶ οὐρανοὶ διηγοῦνται δόξαν Θεοῦ.

Πράξεις Άποστόλων 2:1-11 τὸ άνάγνωσμα

Έν τῷ συμπληροῦσθαι τὴν ἡμέραν τῆς Πεντηκοστῆς, ἦσαν ἄπαντεςΝ ὁμοθυμαδὸν ἐπὶ τὸ αύτό. Καὶ ἐγένετο ἄφνω ἐκ τοῦ οὐρανοῦ ἦχος ὤσπερ φερομένης πνοῆς βιαίας, καὶ ἐπλήρωσεν ὅλον τὸν οἶκον οὖ ἦσαν καθήμενοι. Καὶ ὤφθησαν αὐτοῖς διαμεριζόμεναι γλῶσσαι ὼσεὶ πυρός, ἐκάθισέν τε ἐφ' ἔνα ἔκαστον αὐτῶν. Καὶ ἐπλήσθησαν ἄπαντες πνεύματος ἀγίου, καὶ ἤρξαντο λαλεῖν ἐτέραις γλώσσαις, καθὼς τὸ πνεῦμα ἐδίδου αὐτοῖς ἀποφθέγγεσθαι. Ἦσαν δὲ ἐν Ἱερουσαλὴμ κατοικοῦντες Ἰουδαῖοι, ἄνδρες εὐλαβεῖς, ἀπὸ παντὸς ἔθνους τῶν ὑπὸ τὸν οὐρανόν. Γενομένης δὲ τῆς φωνῆς ταύτης, συνῆλθεν τὸ πλῆθος καὶ συνεχύθη, ὅτι ἤκουον εἶς ἔκαστος τῆ ἰδία διαλέκτω λαλούντων αὐτῶν. Ἐξίσταντο δὲ πάντες καὶ ἐθαύμαζον, λέγοντες πρὸς άλλήλους, Οὐκ ίδοὺ πάντες οὖτοί είσιν οὶ λαλοῦντες Γαλιλαῖοι; Καὶ πῶς ἡμεῖς ἀκούομεν ἔκαστος τῆ ἰδία διαλέκτω ἡμῶν ἐν ἦ ἐγεννήθημεν; Πάρθοι καὶ Μῆδοι καὶ Ἑλαμῖται, καὶ οὶ κατοικοῦντες τὴν Μεσοποταμίαν, Ἰουδαίαν τε καὶ Καππαδοκίαν, Πόντον καὶ τὴν Ἅσίαν, Φρυγίαν τε καὶ Παμφυλίαν, Αἴγυπτον καὶ τὰ μέρη τῆς Λιβύης τῆς κατὰ Κυρήνην, καὶ οὶ ἐπιδημοῦντες Ῥωμαῖοι, Ἰουδαῖοί τε καὶ προσήλυτοι, Κρῆτες καὶ Ἅραβες, ἀκούομεν λαλούντων αὐτῶν ταῖς ἡμετέραις γλώσσαις τὰ μεγαλεῖα τοῦ θεοῦ.

#### Prokeimenon. Mode Plagal 4. Psalm 18.4,1

Their voice has gone out into all the earth. Verse: The heavens declare the glory of God.

The reading is from Acts of the Apostles 2:1-11

WHEN THE DAY of Pentecost had come, they were all together in one place. And suddenly a sound came from heaven like the rush of a mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. And there appeared to them tongues as of fire, distributed and resting on each one of them. And they were all filled with the Holy Spirit and began to speak in other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance. Now there were dwelling in Jerusalem Jews, devout men from every nation under heaven. And at this sound the multitude came together, and they were bewildered, because each one heard them speaking in his own language. And they were amazed and wondered, saying, "Are not all these who are speaking Galileans? And how is it that we hear, each of us in his own native language? Parthians and Medes and Elamites and residents of Mesopotamia, Judea and Cappadocia, Pontos and Asia, Phrygia and Pamphylia, Egypt and the parts of Libya belonging to Cyrene, and visitors from Rome, both Jews and proselytes, Cretans and Arabians, we hear them telling in our own tongues the mighty works of God."

### ΑΝΑΓΝΩΣΜΑ ΕΥΑΓΓΕΛΙΟΥ

## TODAY'S GOSPEL READING

#### Έκ τοῦ Κατὰ Ἰωάννην 7:37-52, 8:12 Εύαγγελίου τὸ Ἀνάγνωσμα

Εν δὲ τῆ ἐσχάτη ἡμέρᾳ τῆ μεγάλη τῆς ἑορτῆς εἰστήκει ὁ Ίησοῦς καὶ ἔκραξε λέγων· ἑάν τις διψᾳ, ἐρχέσθω πρός με καὶ πινέτω. ὁ πιστεύων εἰς ἐμέ, καθὼς εἶπεν ἡ γραφή, ποταμοὶ ἐκ τῆς κοιλίας αὐτοῦ ῥεύσουσιν ὕδατος ζῶντος. τοῦτο δὲ εἶπε περὶ τοῦ Πνεύματος οὖ ἔμελλον λαμβάνειν οὶ πιστεύοντες εἰς αὐτόν· οὕπω γὰρ ἦν Πνεῦμα Ἅγιον, ὅτι Ἰησοῦς οὐδέπω ἐδοξάσθη. Πολλοὶ οὖν ἐκ τοῦ ὅχλου ἀκούσαντες τὸν λόγον ἔλεγον· οὖτός ἐστιν ἀληθῶς ὁ προφήτης· ἄλλοι ἔλεγον· οὖτός ἐστιν ὁ Χριστός· ἄλλοι ἔλεγον· μὴ γὰρ ἐκ τῆς Γαλιλαίας ὁ Χριστὸς ἔρχεται; ούχὶ ἡ γραφὴ εἶπεν ὅτι ἐκ τοῦ σπέρματος Δαυίδ καὶ ἀπὸ Βηθλεὲμ τῆς κώμης, ὅπου ἦν Δαυίδ, ὁ Χριστὸς ἔρχεται; σχίσμα οὖν ἐν τῷ ὅχλω ἐγένετο δι΄ αὐτόν. τινὲς δὲ ἤθελον ἐξ αὐτῶν πιάσαι αὐτόν, ἀλλ΄ οὐδεὶς ἐπέβαλεν ἐπ΄ αὐτὸν τὰς χεῖρας. Ἦλθον οὖν οὶ ὑπηρέται πρὸς τοὺς ἀρχιερεῖς καὶ Φαρισαίους, καὶ εἶπον αὐτοῖς ἐκεῖνοι· διατί οὐκ ἡγάγετε αὐτόν; ἀπεκρίθησαν οὶ ὑπηρέται· οὐδέποτε οὕτως ἐλάλησεν ἄνθρωπος, ὼς οὖτος ὁ ἄνθρωπος. ἀπεκρίθησαν οὖν αὐτοῖς οὶ Φαρισαῖοι· μὴ καὶ ὑμεῖς πεπλάνησθε; μή τις ἐκ τῶν ἀρχόντων ἐπίστευσεν είς αὐτὸν ἡ ἐκ τῶν Φαρισαίων; ἀλλ΄ ὁ ὅχλος οὖτος ὁ μὴ γινώσκων τὸν νόμον ἐπικατάρατοί εἰσι! λέγει Νικόδημος πρὸς αὐτούς, ὁ ἐλθὼν νυκτὸς πρὸς αὐτόν, εἶς ὧν έξ αὐτῶν· μὴ ὁ νόμος ἡμῶν κρίνει τὸν ἄνθρωπον, ἐὰν μὴ ἀκούση παρ΄ αὐτοῦ πρότερον καὶ γνῷ τί ποιεῖ; ἀπεκρίθησαν καὶ εἶπον αὐτῷ· μὴ καὶ σὺ ἐκ τῆς Γαλιλαίας εἶ; ἐρεύνησον καὶ ἴδε ὅτι προφήτης ἐκ τῆς Γαλιλαίας οὐκ ἐγήγερται. Πάλιν οὖν αὐτοῖς ὁ Ἰησοῦς ἐλάλησε λέγων· ἐγώ είμι τὸ φῶς τοῦ κόσμου· ὁ ἀκολουθῶν ἐμοὶ ού μὴ περιπατήση ἐν τῆ σκοτίᾳ, ἀλλ΄ ἔξει τὸ φῶς τῆς ζωῆς.

#### The Gospel According to John 7:37-52; 8:12

On the last day of the feast, the great day, Jesus stood up and proclaimed, "If any one thirst, let him come to me and drink. He who believes in me, as the scripture has said, 'Out of his heart shall flow rivers of living water.'" Now this he said about the Spirit, which those who believed in him were to receive; for as yet the Spirit had not been given, because Jesus was not yet glorified. When they heard these words, some of the people said, "This is really the prophet." Others said, "This is the Christ." But some said, "Is the Christ to come from Galilee? Has not the scripture said that the Christ is descended from David, and comes from Bethlehem, the village where David was?" So there was a division among the people over him. Some of them wanted to arrest him, but no one laid hands on him. The officers then went back to the chief priests and Pharisees, who said to them, "Why did you not bring him?" The officers answered, "No man ever spoke like this man!" The Pharisees answered them, "Are you led astray, you also? Have any of the authorities or of the Pharisees believed in him? But this crowd, who do not know the law, are accursed." Nikodemos, who had gone to him before, and who was one of them, said to them, "Does our law judge a man without first giving him a hearing and learning what he does?" They replied, "Are you from Galilee too? Search and you will see that no prophet is to rise from Galilee." Again Jesus spoke to them, saying, "I am the light of the world; he who follows me will not walk in darkness, but will have the light of life."

ΒΑΠΤΙΣΕΙΣ ΒΑΡΤΙSMS

#### ΣΑΒΒΑΤΟ, 29η ΙΟΥΝΙΟΥ

Γιός του κυρίου και κυρίας Αναστάσιου Μιτιλινέου. Κουμπάρα: Αικατερίνη Μιτιλινέου.

#### SATURDAY, JUNE 29th

Son of Mr. & Mrs. Anastasios Mitilineos. Godparent: Ekaterini Mitilineos.

## ΜΝΥΜΟΣΥΝΑ

## **MEMORIALS**

#### KYPIAKH, 30n IOYNIOY

Ανδρέας Καρανικόλας 40 ήμερων Δημήτριος Χαμοσφακίδης Ετήσιο

#### **SUNDAY, JUNE 30th**

Andreas Karanikolas 40 Days Demetrios Chamosfakidis 1 Year

## ΗΜΕΡΟΜΗΝΙΕΣ ΠΟΥ ΠΡΕΠΕΙ ΝΑ ΕΝΘΥΜΟΥΜΕΘΑ DAYS TO REMEMBER

ΔΕΥΤΕΡΑ, 24η ΙΟΥΝΙΟΥ - ΤΟΥ ΑΓΙΟΥ ΠΝΕΥΜΑΤΟΣ

Θεία Λειτουργία 8:30 - 10:30 Π.Μ.

MONDAY, JUNE 24th - HOLY SPIRIT

Divine Liturgy 8:30 - 10:30 A.M.